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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/807,567	03/23/2004	David L. Marvit	073338.0197 (04-50469 FLA	3070
5073	7590	03/27/2007	EXAMINER	
BAKER BOTTS L.L.P. 2001 ROSS AVENUE SUITE 600 DALLAS, TX 75201-2980			LIANG, REGINA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2629	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		03/27/2007	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Notice of this Office communication was sent electronically on the above-indicated "Notification Date" and has a shortened statutory period for reply of 3 MONTHS from 03/27/2007.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mike.furr@bakerbotts.com
ptomail1@bakerbotts.com

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/807,567	Applicant(s) MARVIT ET AL.	
	Examiner Regina Liang	Art Unit 2629	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 February 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3-9,11-16 and 18-21 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3,4,6-9,11,13-16 and 18-21 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 5 and 12 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/12/07</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is responsive to amendment filed 2/12/07. Claims 1, 3-9, 11-16, 18-21 are pending in the application.

2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. Claims 1, 4, 9, 11, 16, 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bartlett (US 6,573,883).

As to claims 1, 21, Fig. 5 of Bartlett discloses a motion controlled handheld device comprising:

a display (710) having a viewable surface and operable to generate an image;

a gesture database maintaining a plurality of gestures (catalog of gesture commands in Fig. 3), each gesture defined by a motion of the device with respect to a first position of the device;

a motion detection module (110 in Fig. 3) operable to detect motion of the handheld device within three dimensions and to identify components of the motion in relation to the viewable surface (col. 4, lines 37-50); and

a control module (120 in Fig. 3) operable to: identify a base reference position of the device (col. 3, line 53 to col. 4, line 12); track movement of the device, using the motion detection module, to identify a potential gesture; compare the potential gesture against the gestures in the gesture database (col. 4, line 53-60); and determine whether the potential gesture matches to a compared one of the gestures based on whether a difference between the potential

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gesture and the compared gesture is within a precision threshold (col. 5, lines 22-47; if the tilt gesture is between a first angular range ($\theta_1 < \theta < \theta_2$), the scrolling command is a slow or stepwise, if the tilt gesture is between a second angular range ($\theta_2 < \theta < \theta_3$), the scrolling command is a rate increase; the first or second angular range corresponds to the precision threshold).

In addition, Bartlett teaches to identify a first precision threshold (first angular range ($\theta_1 < \theta < \theta_2$) associated with a first set of the gestures (a slow or stepwise scrolling); identify a second precision threshold (a second angular range $\theta_2 < \theta < \theta_3$) associated with a second set of the gesture (a rate increase scrolling), the second precision threshold requiring greater precision than the first precision threshold; and apply a selected on the first precision threshold and the second precision threshold based upon whether the potential gesture potentially matches to one of the first set of the gestures or one of the second set of the gestures.

As to claim 4, Bartlett teaches the angle in the second angular range is greater than the angle in the first angular range, which reads on the second set of the gestures has a greater density of potential gestures than the first set of the gestures.

Claims 9, 11, 16, which are method claims corresponding to the above apparatus claims 1 and 4, are rejected for the same reasons as stated above since such method "steps" are clearly read on by the corresponding "means".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett in view of Sterling (US 2004/0178995).

As to claim 3, Bartlett teaches the gestures comprising basic control gestures (scrolling). Bartlett does not disclose the second set of the gestures includes security access gestures. However, Sterling teaches using gestures to obtain security clearance in an electronic device ([0060]-[0061]). Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the second set of gestures of Bartlett to be used in security access as taught by Sterling so as to extend the range of gesture commands available for controlling of an electronic device such that the security access in the electronic device can be controlled without the use of the buttons for command input.

5. Claims 6, 7, 13, 14, 18, 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett in view of Cherveny (US 6,565,144) and Shpiro (US 5,766,015).

Bartlett does not disclose determining the gesture match to the compared gesture, generating a prompt indicating the match, or determining the gesture does not match to the compared gesture, generating the prompt to indicating failure to the match. However, Fig. 6 of Cherveny teaches a data input device having a gesture recognition routine, the gesture recognition routine outputs an audible output (indication) to the speaker indicating that the gesture has been recognized (see col. 9, lines 49-63 for example; this corresponds to determining the gesture match to the compared gesture, generating a prompt indicating the match). Also, Shpiro teaches a device comprising an indication for indicating the failure of a match such that an audio or visible feedback indication is provided to the user to identify the matched and indicating whether it is matched or not matched (col. 5, lines 1-6). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify system of

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Bartlett to have the indicating features as taught by Cherveney and Shpiro to provide a feedback indication to the user clearly indicating to the user whether it is a match or not a match (col. 5, lines 3-6 of Shapiro).

6. Claims 8, 15, 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartlett in view of Feinstein (us 2002/0190947).

Bartlett teaches using multiple motion sensors for sensing the motion of the device (col. 5, lines 2-4). Bartlett does not explicitly disclose using first, second and third accelerometer for detecting acceleration along a first, second and third axis. However, Feinstein teaches using three accelerometers for detecting the motion of the device along a first, second and third axis (see Fig. 14). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Bartlett to use three accelerometers as taught by Feinstein since the three accelerometers measure the acceleration of the device along three independent directions precisely.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 5 and 12 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 2/12/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's remarks regarding claim 1 are not persuasive. The first angular range ($\theta_1 < \theta < \theta_2$) of Bartlett reads on a first precision threshold, a slow or stepwise scrolling of Bartlett reads on a first set of the gestures, a second angular range ($\theta_2 < \theta < \theta_3$) of Bartlett reads on a second precision threshold, and a rate increase scrolling of Bartlett reads on a second set of the gesture claimed. Therefore, Bartlett does teach different precision thresholds applied to different sets of gestures.

Applicant's remarks regarding claim 4 are not persuasive. The second angular range of Bartlett having a greater angle than the first angular range, the second scrolling rate is greater than the first scrolling rate, which reads on the second set of the gestures has a greater density of potential gestures than the first set of the gestures as claimed.

Conclusion

9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

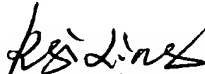
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.

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10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Regina Liang whose telephone number is (571) 272-7693. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8AM to 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe, can be reached on (571) 272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).


Regina Liang
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2674

3/20/07